

THE TIMES

PUBLISHED BY
THE TIMES COMPANY
TIMES BUILDING,
FIFTH AND BANK STREETS,
RICHMOND, VA.

THE DAILY TIMES is served by carriers on their own account in this city, Manchester and Barton Heights for 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$6.00 a year; by mail 50 cents a month, \$5.00 a year.

THE SUNDAY TIMES—Three cents per copy, \$1.50 a year.

THE WEEKLY TIMES—Issued and mailed in two parts—One dollar a year by mail.

Address all communications and correspondence to The Times Company. Reading notices in reading matter type, 20 cents per line.

Card of advertising rates for space furnished on application.

Remit by draft, check, postoffice order or registered letter. Currency sent by mail is at the risk of the sender.

Times Telephone: Business office, No. 140; editorial rooms, No. 105.

Specimen copies free.

All subscriptions by mail payable in advance. Watch the label on your paper if you live out of Richmond and see when your subscription expires, so you can renew before the paper is stopped. You should not miss a single copy of The Times.

THE TIMES COMPANY.

MANCHESTER BUREAU, 1121 HULL STREET.

The Manchester carrier of The Times is D. M. Wiltshire, 519 west Twelfth street, where subscriptions can be left.

PETERSBURG BUREAU, 109 SYCAMORE STREET.

WASHINGTON BUREAU, HARVEY L. WILSON, MANAGER, RAYLEY BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE IN ITS HISTORY, AND IS STEADILY INCREASING.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1893.

SIX PAGES.

MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.

Schiller Lodge, I.O.O.F., Lee Camp Hall, Stuart Council, A. L. of H., Powell's Hall, Martha Washington Lodge, K. and L. of N., 308 North Fifth street.

Good Will Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Druids' Hall.

Richmond Council, Chosen Friends, Elks' Hall.

Richmond Lodge, A.O.U.W., Odd Fellows Hall.

Queen Lodge, Golden Shore, Elletts' Hall, Company 'B', 1st Regt., Artillery.

Elks' Beneficial and Social Society, Central Hall.

Trades Council, Eagle Hall.

CORRECT YOUR HISTORY, MR. BRYAN.

When Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, was making that free silver, catline speech in the House of Representatives, of which we have heretofore taken notice, he was as unfortunate in his history as he was in his logic, his morals and his political economy. To give the President a lesson in the line of conduct he should pursue he had the following to say:

"Muehlback relates an incident in the life of the great military hero of France, At Marengo the Man of Destiny, said and disheartened, thought the battle lost. He called to a drummer and ordered him to beat a retreat. The lad replied: 'Sire, I do not know how. Desaix has never taught me retreat, but I can beat a charge. Oh, I can beat a charge that would make the dead fall into line! I beat that charge at the Bridge of Lodi, I beat it at Mt. Tabor; I beat it at the Pyramids; oh, may I beat it here!'"

"The charge was ordered, the battle won and Marengo was added to the victories of Napoleon. Oh, let our gallant leader draw inspiration from the street gamin in Paris."

And if Mr. Cleveland is to be Napoleon we suppose Mr. Bryan is to be the gamin?

But let The Times tell you, Mr. Bryan, that nothing of the sort ever happened at Marengo. You have had some cheap fiction literature imposed upon you, Mr. Bryan. That word "Sire" ought to have told you it was a counterfeit. Napoleon was First Consul of a Republic when Marengo was fought, and it would have been treason to address him as "Sire." In point of fact, that address for him was determined on four years afterwards when he was made Emperor. Whilst he was First Consul he was addressed either as "Citizen Consul" or as "General."

Further, Mr. Bryan, if you had ever seen a battle you would know that when people tell about drummer boys talking to the commander of the army on the battlefield in that way they are simply making idiots of themselves.

But in point of fact, Napoleon did not order Desaix's division to retreat, and never had a thought of ordering it to do so. Desaix's division got up to the field of battle about 2 o'clock P. M. when the fight was in a bad state for the French. As soon as it could be put into position it was sent forward, attacked the Austrians with great vigor and, through a co-operating charge on the flank by Kellerman just in the nick of time, it drove them in the rout from the field, and there is the whole story, Mr. Bryan.

WILL THE ACT BE REPEALED?

We are constantly asked if the Sherman act will be repealed? If our answer were governed by what appears to be the relative strength of parties in the Senate at this time, we should be compelled to reply that repeal would be defeated in that body. Nevertheless we believe that it will be unconditionally repealed, and that, too, within a reasonable time.

The House will vote on the repeal bill next Monday. It votes first on a proposition to make coinage free at sixteen to one; then, if that fails, at seventeen to one; and, on to twenty to one. If all fail it votes directly on the proposition to repeal the act out and out.

There have been so many defections amongst the free silverites from the ratio of sixteen to one, that it is safe to predict that propositions will not pass. The enemies of free silver have had no fear of the propositions intervening between sixteen to one and twenty to one. So that last has seemed the most dangerous, as it was feared it would draw

away from repeal even a considerable body of those disposed to find common ground of compromise. But Secretary Carlisle's letter to Senator Voorhees, showing that it would cost the government between 112 and 113 millions of dollars to recoup the silver we now have at that ratio ought to, and probably will, lay the twenty to one proposition entirely at rest. With the ratio at twenty to one silver would have to sell at \$1.03 per ounce for the silver dollar and the gold dollar to have equal purchasing power. Silver is now worth about seventy-three cents an ounce. Free coinage would therefore have to raise it thirty cents an ounce for the establishment of the new ratio to produce any sort of practical effect. For, if it did not raise the silver dollar to a point that would restore parity in value between the two, all the work would be entirely thrown away. We should have spent 112 millions of dollars with absolutely no result.

There is not the remotest probability that making coinage free if it would spasmodically produce this immense rise in the value of silver could maintain it. That it would produce a rise temporarily in silver is certain. But it is preposterous to suppose that it would produce and sustain a rise of nearly fifty per cent in its gold value. We, therefore, look upon Secretary Carlisle's letter as a fact which gives the coup de grace to the twenty to one proposition, and that being out of the way, it seems certain that the repealing act will pass the House.

Will it pass the Senate?

It seems clear that there is a majority of from six to eight Senators who now declare that they will vote against its passage, but this majority numbers in its ranks some six to eight Senators who are largely owners of silver mines. When, therefore, they vote to continue the United States Government as an enforced monthly buyer of silver they are voting to continue a forced market for their mines produce. They are, therefore, compelling all the other people of the United States to endure what a continuance of the Sherman act means to them, in order that public money may find its way into their own pockets. Will they dare make this defiance of all decency, morality, justice and public law? We do not believe that they will dare to face the storm that such action on their part will arouse.

In his "American Commonwealth," Mr. James Bryce says:

"In no country in this world is public opinion so powerful as in the United States. . . . Towering over presidents and State governors, over Congress and State legislatures, over conventions and the vast machinery of party, public opinion stands out in the United States as the great source of power, the master of servants who tremble before it. . . . In America, opinion is not made, but grows. . . . does not originate in a particular class, but grows up in a nation at large."

Most happily for the people of the United States, this is true. An independent press keeps the public directly abreast of everything that is going on in the halls of their legislatures, and the popular judgment may always be trusted to go right when the people are correctly informed concerning the facts. When that judgment is formed it is the King of the United States. No potentate, ancient or modern, ever possessed one tithe of the power of an enlightened public opinion in the United States when it has once made sure that it knows the case. This is what an enlightened Democracy means. This is the glory of free institutions where each man may freely, and without fear, declare his preference at frequently recurring elections.

We do not pretend to know how it will come about, but we predict that King Public Opinion will never allow six United States Senators to disgrace the commissions they hold by continuing the appalling state now before the country that public money may be diverted into their own pockets.

VALLEY BAPTIST ASSOCIATION.

Proceedings of The Third Annual Session. No Ladies in Roanoke College Yet.

NATHEM, Va., Aug. 22.—The third annual session of the Valley Baptist Association, held at Natheem, Va., on Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of last week, the introductory sermon being preached by the Rev. Dr. J. B. Taylor, of Salem, Judge D. E. Johnston, of Princeton, Va., was elected moderator, and Rev. J. M. Harlowe, clerk. About sixty churches were represented, and a number of new churches were enrolled in the association. There was a large attendance from the surrounding country, Roanoke and Salem being numerously represented, and much business of interest to the churches was transacted.

Over two hundred students, including six Choctaws, are expected at Roanoke College next session. Several ladies have applied for admission, but as Roanoke College has not yet adopted the co-education system, their applications were refused. For next session the services of J. T. Naff, a graduate of the Southern Business University, of Lynchburg, as assistant in the commercial course have been secured.

A VENERABLE LADY GOES.

Mrs. James Logan, who has been failing in health for some time past, died Monday morning, aged seventy-five. Deceased leaves a husband and six sons and daughters to mourn her loss. Her remains were buried to-day in East Hill Cemetery.

The grand jury returned four indictments against colored women here for selling liquor, or in the local slang, "running blind tigers."

Miss Susan Katherine Cox, daughter of Mr. S. A. Cox, bookkeeper at the Holston Woolen Mills, will be married at her father's residence, August 24 at 7:30 P. M., to Mr. Thompson S. Crockett, a well known druggist of Max Meadows.

The branch railroad from the iron mines near Cave Spring, in this county, to the main line of the Roanoke and Southern railroad has been finished and ore shipments will soon be made.

Our Rapid Transitory Existence

Is brief enough without our shortening it by seeking medical aid, when we are some what unwell, from sources where it is only obtainable with great risk. Even if the old doctrine were true that violent diseases require violent remedies, it does not follow that drastic purgatives, narcotics, powerful sedatives, or other nervous system are advisable in cases where slight disorders manifestly call for the use of milder means of recovery, involving no subsequent danger, but equally efficient. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters not only completely relieve disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels and nerves. It is a genuine tonic, healthfully stimulates the kidneys, is a thorough alternative, and a powerful preventive of chills and fevers and bilious remittent. The utmost confidence can be reposed in the purity and safety of its medicinal ingredients.

Beecham's Pills instead of slothy mino-

gators.

NORFOLK'S GUESTS.

CAROLINA BUSINESS MEN SNIFF SEA BREEZES AT THE CAPE.

Accidents to Workmen on the Texas—Mr. Foreman Appointed Clerk at the Navy Pay Office, San Francisco, (Special).

NORFOLK, Aug. 22.—The Grocers' Union, of Charlotte, N. C., and a number of other business men from that city, with their ladies, arrived here at noon to-day on a special train over the Seaboard Air Line. They were taken in charge by committees of the Chamber of Commerce and Business Men's Association and, after dinner, given an excursion to Old Point and the Cape and about the harbor, including a visit to the Navy Yard.

MARINE COURT-MARTIALED.

A general court-martial is in session at the navy-yard, with Commander R. P. Leary president, trying two marines for desertion. Several accidents happened among the workmen on the battleship Texas yesterday.

Mr. George L. Foreman, of Portsmouth, has been appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, to act as clerk at the navy pay office, San Francisco, Cal., and ordered to report for duty to Pay Inspector Edward Bellows, in that city on September 11th. Mr. and Mrs. Foreman will leave on Monday going via Chicago.

ASSIGNMENT.

E. R. Marchant, a building contractor of this city, made an assignment yesterday.

The Chamber of Commerce will appoint two delegates to the Commercial Convention in Washington.

Quite a number of North Carolina people passed through here to-day on their way to the Cape Charles Fair.

The truckers are reaching the end of the season here. The yield has been a large but not profitable one. Shipping has ceased.

Chief Engineer Melville, Chief Steam Engineer Bureau, arrived from Washington and visited the Navy Yard to-day.

QUARLES GOES TO THE BOSTONS.

The Clever Pitcher Gets \$250 a Month and Expenses—Illness of Mrs. Dr. May. (Special).

PETERSBURG, Va., August 22.—The negotiations which have been pending between Manager Seelye, of the Boston Club, and Willie Quarles, of this city, have resulted in the purchase of Quarles by the Boston Club. This morning Quarles received a telegram from Seelye offering him \$250 a month and expenses. The offer was at once accepted and Petersburg will lose its foremost base-ball celebrity within the course of the next day or two. The Boston club will now have two Virginians on their active list—Nash and the Petersburg favorite.

Mrs. Dr. David F. May, of this city, is dangerously ill at the residence of her brother, Mr. James E. Smith, in Prince George, and a telegram received to-day stated that her life was despaired of.

OUR MICHIGAN.

Dr. J. S. Daniel, of Richmond, arrived in the city last evening, making the trip by bicycle, and covering the distance in two and a-half hours. He left this morning for Pleasant Hill, N. C., and expects to make good time with his wheel.

The remains of Mrs. Robinson, wife of Transmitter Robinson, of Crewe, were brought to this city by train and interred in Blandford Cemetery.

HALIFAX COUNTY COURT.

Primitive Baptists in Session—Death of Mrs. Applewhite—Personal Notes. (Special).

ROCKLAND, N. C., Aug. 22.—Halifax County Inferior Court is in session this week.

The Primitive Baptists held their annual meeting, known as "Big August," at Kehukee Church, one mile from town, Sunday. At these annual meetings there are large crowds and a number of visiting ministers. Several ministers united with the Church on Sunday.

The community was really shocked this morning to learn of the death of Mrs. R. R. Applewhite, which occurred at her home near Spring Hill at one o'clock. She was a most estimable lady and leaves a host of friends and acquaintances.

Rev. W. S. Ballard, assisted by Rev. L. M. Curtis, will to-night conduct a protracted meeting at Spring Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Daniel, of Virginia, have just returned to their home from a visit to friends here.

VIRGINIA WEATHER AND CROPS.

Bulletin for the Week Ending August 22nd—Damage by Drought. (Special).

LYNCHBURG, Va., Aug. 22.—During the past several days the weather has been slightly below the normal for the season, the rainfall has been light, and widely scattered, which, added to more than an average amount of sunshine, has been very injurious to all crops. The heaviest rainfall occurred in the northwest section, where in the South and Valley it was very light. Reports from the South show that the drought has injured tobacco and all other crops. In the Valley the crops of tobacco, corn and potatoes are suffering from the drought. Apples and peaches are reported as being also damaged. Corn is injured.

In the middle James section the drought has injured corn and peanuts. At Petersburg the rainfall has been half distributed and crops benefited. The apple crop has been injured and half a crop of early corn is looked for. In the Valley the section of the drought has been generally injurious to corn and peanuts. At Norfolk all crops are reported as doing well. At Bird's Nest crops were saved by the timely rains of 12th and 17th. The northern section reports rain as badly needed, which added to the abnormal amount of sunshine, has been very injurious to crops. Early corn is badly damaged and pastures almost destroyed.

JEFFERSON FLEMING DEAD.

The Father of the Famous Mallen's Outlaws Gone—Sketch of His Life.

CLINTWOOD, Va., August 22.—Jefferson Fleming, the father of the Mallen's outlaws, Dal and Hennes Fleming, died at his home in the upper end of this county on Friday last, after an illness of several weeks' duration.

Jefferson Fleming was born in 1820 on Sandy River, in Kentucky, and was there, for 73 years old. He always led a reckless, inconsistent life, and was dreaded by his neighbors as an ill-natured and disagreeable man. He has been married twice. His first wife was married when he became acquainted with her, and after a brief acquaintance her husband was missing, and to this day the fate of the poor woman has not been revealed; but Fleming and this woman were married in a short time after this occurrence. They lived together for some time, but at length another woman crossed his path and he deserted No. 2, secured a divorce and married No. 3.

He is said to have been the father of thirty-one children, several of them being illegitimate. His first wife is yet living near here, an old gray-headed woman, who is said to have entertained the same regard for him that she did in other days.

Fleming was charged to have been connected with the Porter murder, for which his sons are indicted. He was indicted as an accomplice; but when the trial was called the witness was absent, having left for parts unknown through fear, and therefore the case was dismissed.

Mr. Meredith Watson Dead. (Special).

CHURCH, Va., Aug. 22.—Mr. Meredith Watson, father of ex-Senator Walter A. Watson, died at his home near this place, at eleven o'clock, after an illness extending over several weeks, and a corbillion on his neck, aggravated by other complications. Mr. Watson was about fifty-five years old.

The guaranteed cure for all headaches is: Brown's Headache Remedy.

RICHMOND'S MIKADO GOING WEST.

The Only "Justice John" to Call on Carter Harrison—Cases Before Him.

To-morrow morning, or possibly to-night, Mikado, John Gratchfield, will pack his little two gallon carpet bag, insert himself in a celluloid collar and journey towards the far occident. Horace Greely has wisely said, "Young man go West, and be Lord of the Frontier." Mikado is going to try the former part of the great politician's advice. For the first time in five long, weary years, the "Judge" is going to take a holiday. On his way back home, he will drop in at the Midway Plaisance, Chicago, Juilliard and give a short Carter Harrison, a few tips—about the management of Fort City affairs. Squire "Lionie" Graves is going to take the Mikado's place during the sheriff's absence. The move is a joyous humor yesterday but he had his chubby hands full. The docket was brimming over with cases and it took hours to dispose of them.

Frank Brown and George Scott, the negroes whose arrest has been reported, were charged with stealing \$250 from James E. Robertson. Scott was also charged with "swiping" a fifteen-dollar check from Emma A. Anderson. Both cases were continued.

James Koyser, a round-faced negro who appeared before the tribunal in rascal shoes and a pink shirt, was charged with cutting and wounding his wife, Bettie, with a knife. Frequent quarrels are time when it is perfectly justifiable to carry a small memento out of one's wife, but the Mikado thought this case was an exception to that general rule, for the woman was seriously hurt, and therefore the accused was sent on to the grand jury.

Robert Lee Thomas, a negro, was charged with being a fugitive from justice from the county of Louisiana. The dacker is supposed to have stolen six hundred dollars in the historic county. He was turned over to the Louisiana authorities.

Mr. Henry Siegel was sent on to the grand jury to answer the charge of selling liquor on Sunday. He was bailed in the sum of \$500.

The case of William D. Timmons, charged with striking and assaulting Supt. J. E. Harding, of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, was called, but as the prosecutor and his witness had not been summoned, the case was continued until this morning.

Margaret Gorgan, who keeps a bar on Louisiana street, was charged with keeping her place open on Sunday, but there being no evidence, the case was dismissed.

While the court was in session G. S. Kendall, a white man who had been sentenced to jail for thirty days, was taken with a violent fit while in the pen. The prisoner was immediately removed and suffered treated by the physician in charge. The prisoner was discharged.

Extend a Call to Mr. Anton Schatzel.

The Gymnasium Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association has a meeting yesterday afternoon, and decided to extend a call to Mr. Anton Schatzel, of New York, to fill the position of Physical Director, North Carolina street.

Mr. Horace F. Smith, formerly a very reason to believe that Mr. Schatzel will accept the position, and the Association will be extremely fortunate in securing the services of this gentleman.

Mr. Schatzel is a German by birth, and received his early education in Germany. He has studied heavy and light gymnastics, both from the theoretical and practical side. He is also familiar with the Swedish system of body building. He gives systematic treatment in all its branches, and is well up in physiology, hygiene, anatomy, etc. Mr. Schatzel has lately been engaged as Director at Vanderbilt's Gymnasium, New York. He is 26 years old.

Mr. Schatzel is a very thorough over-hauling for his winter work.

Democrat Displaced by a Republican.

Washington, August 22.—Secretary Carlisle has held up the appointment of J. P. Shipp as keeper of the Neuse River Light House, North Carolina. Mr. Shipp was recommended for appointment by the Lighthouse Board. He is now assistant keeper. On the report of Commander Sterling, inspector for that district, the former keeper, J. W. Brablie, was removed for being away from his station eight days at a time without permission. The collector of customs at Wilmington recommended the promotion of Shipp to the place of keeper and this recommendation was concurred in by the Lighthouse Board. It appears that Brablie is a Democrat and Shipp is a Republican. These facts were brought out by Congressman Branch, of North Carolina, on whose request the appointment of Shipp was held up.

Members of the Lighthouse Board that they have no way of knowing the policies of men appointed in the service, and that the service knows no politics.

It is stated by the Lighthouse Board however, that old collectors of customs upon whose recommendation keepers are usually appointed select Republicans and the board never asks their politics.

Decided Against the Railroads.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 22.—The Interstate Commerce Commission, by Commissioner Clements has rendered a decision in the case of the Board of Trade of Troy, Alabama, vs. The Alabama Midland and Georgia Central Railways, et al.

The decision is in favor of the complainant and directs that the defendant roads readjust their tariffs so as to give Troy a rate on cotton to the Atlantic Seaports and on class goods shate rock from South Carolina or Florida, not higher than those given Montgomery; on cotton shipped from Troy via Montgomery to New Orleans a rate not higher than 50 cents per hundred pounds; on class goods shipped from Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis rates not in excess of those to Columbus, Ga.

A Terrific Battle.

MAHANAN CITY, Pa., August 22.—A terrible battle occurred at Gilberton, near this place, this morning. Last night the citizens of Gilberton and the crew of the Schenckville Traction Company because that Company failed to comply with the Borough ordinance. This morning the company with a large force of men, all armed, attempted to relay the tracks under supervision of assistant superintendent, Richard Amore. A battle followed in which James Partitt, William Hughes, citizens, were killed and Evan Davis and Richard Amore assistant superintendent of the Company, were seriously wounded. They will probably be shot in the hand and feet. Others are reported injured. The wildest excitement prevails.

Suspended Payment.

SAN WARCOS, TEXAS, August 22.—First National Bank suspended payment yesterday by order of the Directors. Notice was given that the depositors will be paid in full as soon as they can realize on paper of which there is more than two and one-half times the amount required.

In Favor of the Terminal.

(Special).

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 22.—In the United States Court to-day the suit of indebtedness brought by the West Point Terminal and Warehouse Company vs. the Richmond and Danville railroad resulted in a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$2,750.

Eureka!

Mr. Thomas Bate, editor of the Graphic, Texarkana, Ark., has found what he believes to be the best remedy in existence for the flux. His experience is well worth remembering. He says: "Last summer I had a very severe attack of flux. I tried almost every known remedy, none giving relief. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended to me. I purchased a bottle and received almost immediate relief. I continued to use the medicine and was entirely cured. I take pleasure in recommending this remedy to any person suffering with such disease, as in my opinion it is the best medicine in existence." Twenty-five and fifty cent bottles for sale by Owens & Minor Drug Co., Lynchburg, E. P. Reeve & Co. and H. G. Forstmann.

VIRGINIA NEWS NOTES.

Items Gathered Here and There and Everywhere Throughout the State.

The Populists of Mecklenburg county have nominated W. S. Gordon for the House of Delegates.

The Republicans of the Tidewater section will make no nominations for the legislature.

The Republicans of Henry county have nominated A. L. Pedigo for the House of Delegates.

Mrs. Bridget Moriarty died in Lynchburg Friday, aged 57 years.

A terrific rain and hail storm visited Jefferson county Saturday evening, doing considerable damage.

The corner stone of the new Presbyterian Church at Radford was laid last Monday with Masonic ceremonies.

The Chesapeake hotel at Port Norfolk has been sold for \$1000 to George W. Vernon of Brownsville, Pa., and extensive improvements are to be made to the property.

On Thursday while a 3-year-old son of Mr. John D. Moore, of Deep Creek, near Portsmouth, was swinging he fell from the swing to the ground, biting his tongue nearly off, if hanging by a small shred.

Friday morning about 3 o'clock the barn and stable of Mr. John B. Fitzhugh, of King George county, were totally destroyed by fire, together with his crop of wheat and oats recently stored in the barn, and many other valuables.

A young married man from Lunenburg county by the name of Nolley was made to leave Blackstone Thursday morning for an alleged insult to a young lady of that place. Her father adopted the shot gun policy. A warrant for his arrest has since been issued.

Charles Blakemore, of the firm of Altrich and Blakemore, liverymen, of Hartford, Conn., accidentally drowned in the river at Bridgeview Friday afternoon. He was a son of A. J. Blakemore, who ran on the republican ticket at the last election against his brother, W. H. Blakemore, democrat.

The manufacture of apple brandy at Roanoke is reported unprecedented, the apple crop being very large and immense quantities being sold by the farmers to the distilleries, of which there are four within a radius of a mile of each other on the line between Franklin and Bedford counties.

The noted case of Thompson and others vs. The Sulphur Mines Company of Virginia, perhaps the most important one ever tried in Louisa county, involving several hundred thousand dollars worth of mineral land, was ended Saturday for the third time by the jury rendering a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs.

The newly organized cotton factory company in Norfolk have purchased their site five acres of the Whitehead tract, adjoining Brighton, and just between the Seaboard Air Line and Atlantic and Danville railroads. The site cost \$500 an acre. The erection of the buildings will commence at once, nearly \$300,000 having been subscribed.

A telegram from Bristol, Tenn., says a stabbing affray occurred Saturday at Elizabethtown which will probably result in the death of Mrs. Jane Curry. Monroe Marsh, a tough character, was the home of Mrs. Curry to kill her husband and was about to plunge a knife into his body when the wife jumped between them and was stabbed in the shoulder. It is reported that the wound is fatal. The fight grew out of an attempt to break up a house of ill-fame kept by Marsh.

51. Richmond to Old Point and Return Sunday, August 27th.

Could anything be pleasanter or cheaper than a fast ride to Old Point and return for \$1. Another fast train will leave Chesapeake and Old Point next Sunday at 8 A. M. arrive at Richmond 9 P. M. giving 9 hours at Old Point. No stops between Richmond and Old Point. These trains owing to their fine equipment and quick time have proved a great pleasure to our people. They are patronized by our best people.

51. Round Trip Only \$1.

Delightful excursion to Norfolk and Newport News on the new and beautiful steamer Pocahontas next Saturday night, August 26, 1893, at 10 o'clock, returning Sunday night. Tickets also good to return the following Tuesday.

West Point Sunday Special.

Sunday, August 29th, the Richmond and Danville railroad will run a special train to West